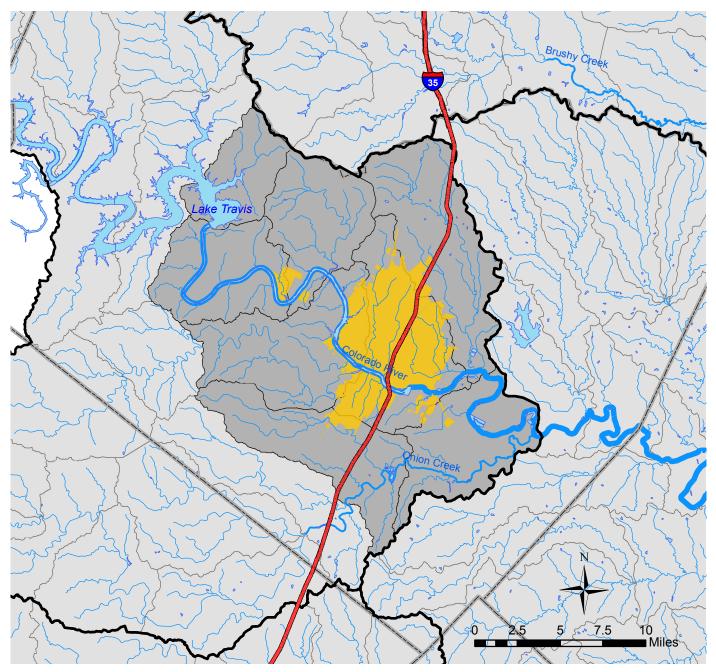
GROWTH TRENDS AND ENVIRONMENTAL INTEGRITY AUSTIN, TEXAS

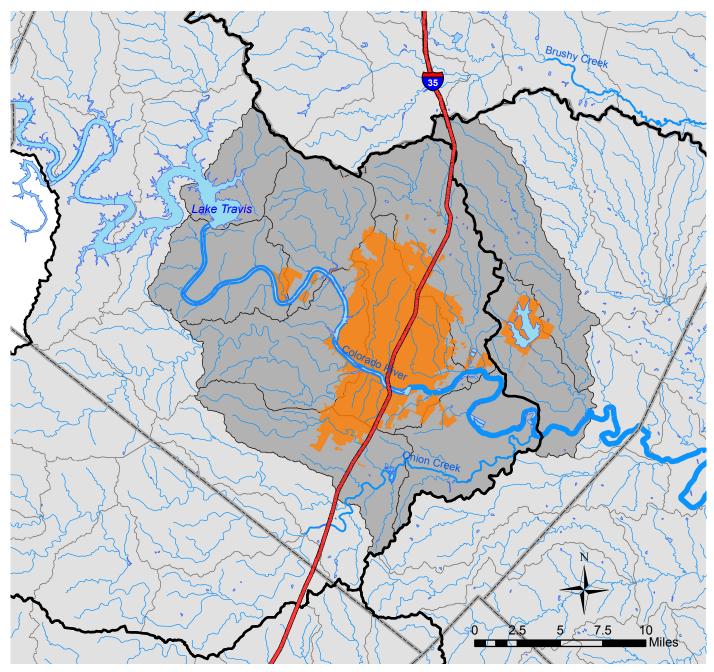
Prepared by Tom Hilde 17 November 2011 GIS In Water Resources



BEFORE 1960

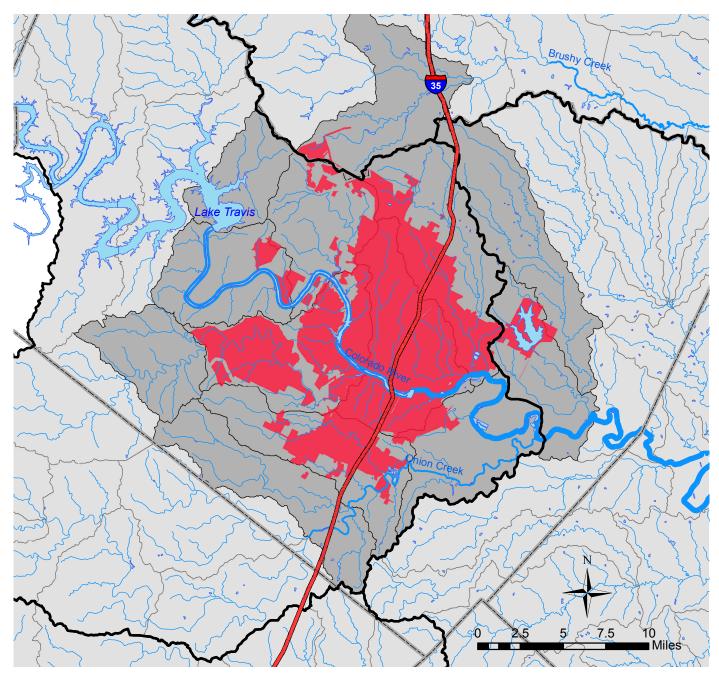
1960 - 1969 1970 - 1979 1980 - 1989 1990 - 1999 2000 - PRESENT

52 square miles 8 HUC12 watersheds



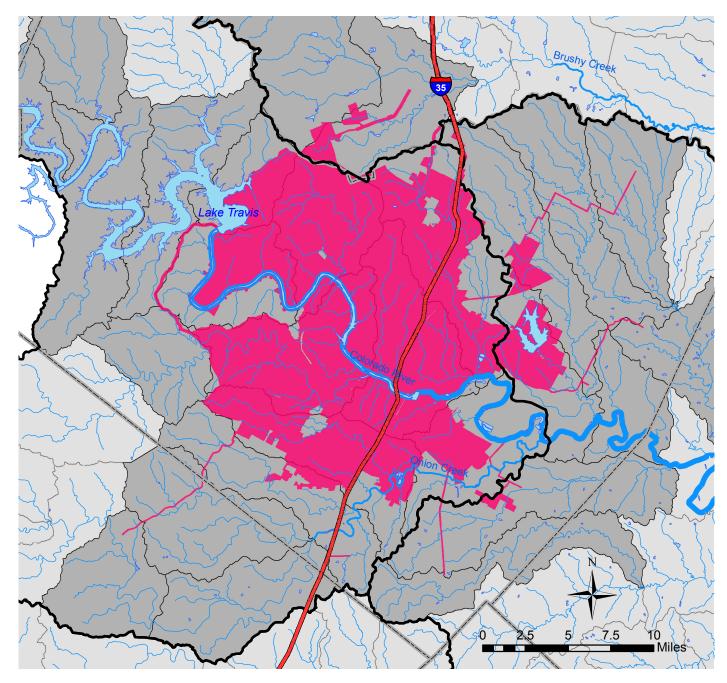
BEFORE 1960 1960 - 1969 1970 - 1979 1980 - 1989 1990 - 1999 2000 - PRESENT

82 square miles 10 HUC12 watersheds



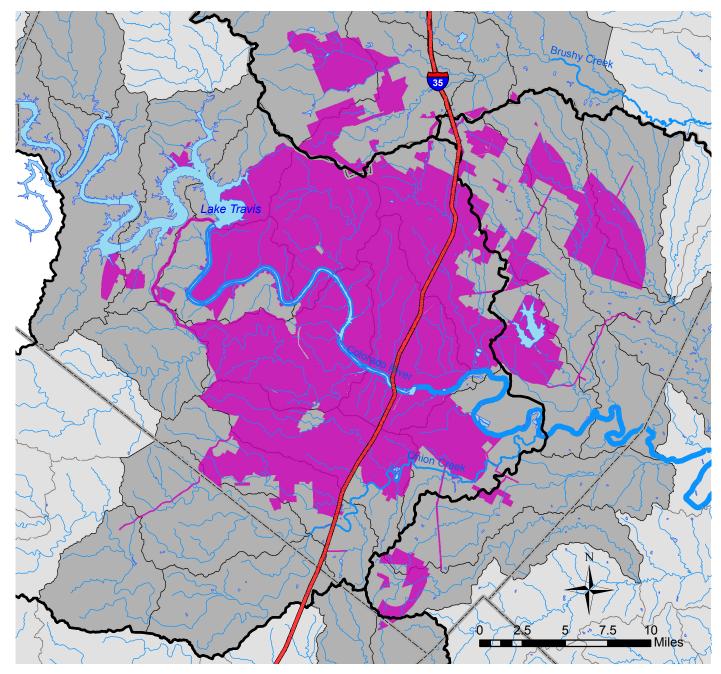
BEFORE 1960 1960 - 1969 1970 - 1979 1980 - 1989 1990 - 1999 2000 - PRESENT

160 square miles 13 HUC12 watersheds



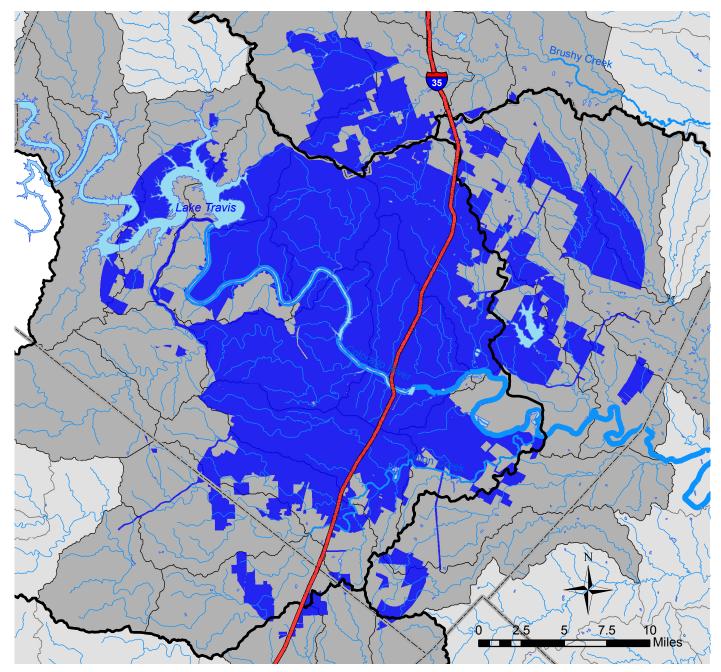
BEFORE 1960 1960 - 1969 1970 - 1979 1980 - 1989 1990 - 1999 2000 - PRESENT

362 square miles 27 HUC12 watersheds



BEFORE 1960 1960 - 1969 1970 - 1979 1980 - 1989 1990 - 1999 2000 - PRESENT

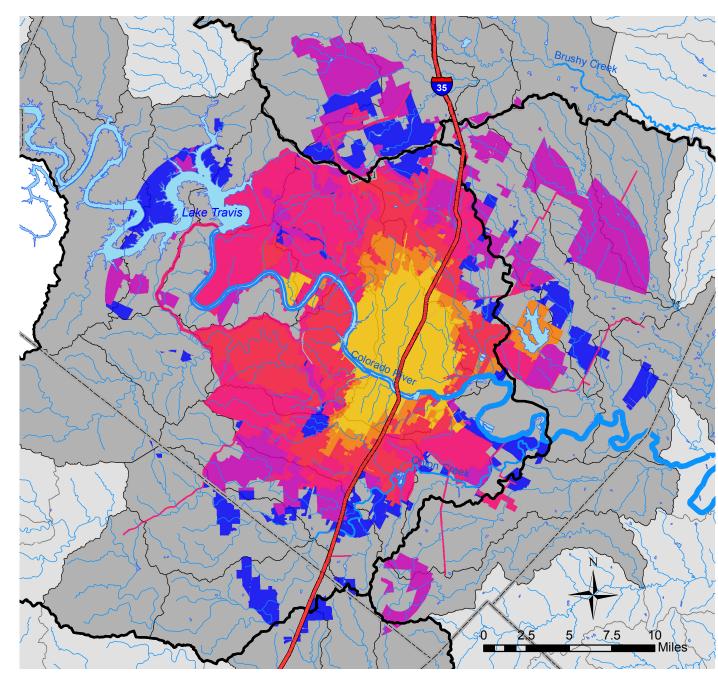
487 square miles 31 HUC12 watersheds



BEFORE 1960 1960 - 1969 1970 - 1979 1980 - 1989 1990 - 1999

2000 - PRESENT

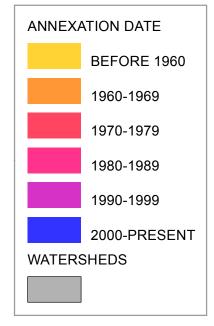
578 square miles 33 HUC12 watersheds



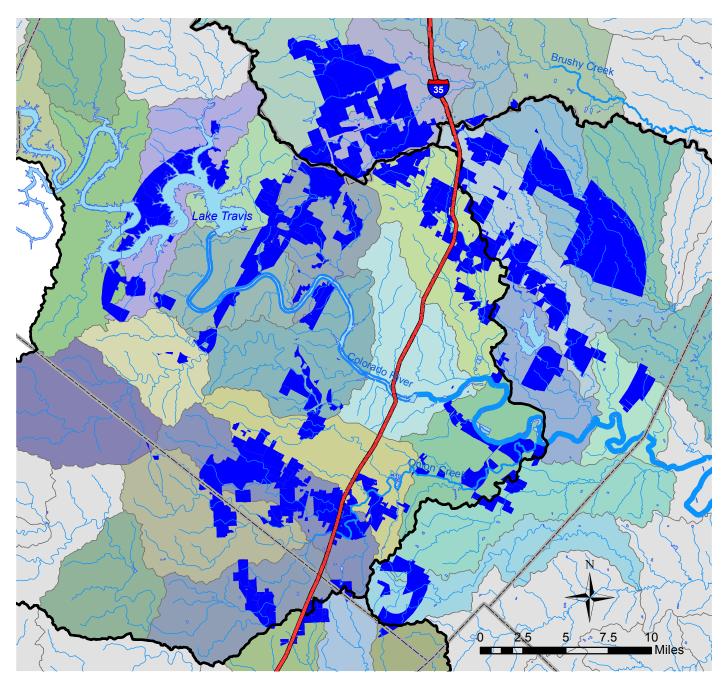
Characterized by "sprawling" greenfield development

How does this growth impact previously undeveloped watersheds?

Methodology: Obtain *Jurisdiction History* spatial data, add attribute field to group and symbolize effective annexation dates by decade



ANNEXATIONS SINCE 1990



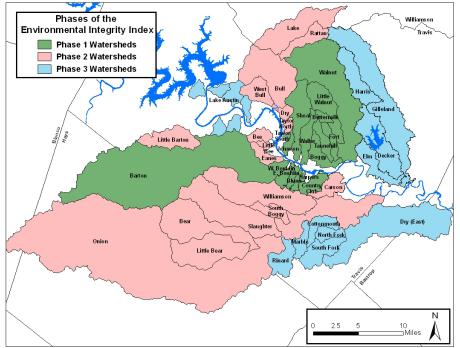
Scattered and undirected development patterns contribute to low-density population distribution

Encourages rural development with little regard for water systems

Methodology: Use *Select By Attribute* and Data > Export to create new feature class

AUSTIN ENVIRONMENTAL INTEGRITY INDEX





A tool developed to **monitor and assess the ecological integrity** of Austin watersheds.

Prioritizing subwatersheds to address through Capital Improvement Projects, regulations and/ or programs.

Water chemistry data collected quarterly and biological and habitat surveys conducted once per year in the summer.

Watersheds are organized into three separate phases which have been sampled on a three year rotating basis since 1996.

Drawback: Each watershed is only monitored once every three years in our rapidly developing environment.

AUSTIN ENVIRONMENTAL INTEGRITY INDEX

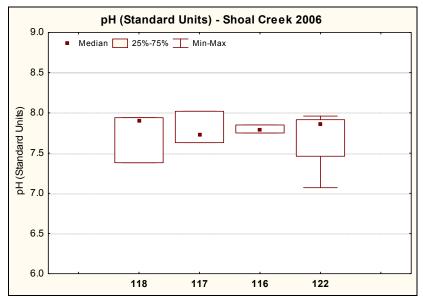
EXAMPLE

LOCATIONS:

SITE

Annual E.I.I. reports include watershed summaries, historical results, and raw data.

EXAMPLE FIELD PARAMETER DATA:



EXAMPLE SUB-INDEX SCORES:

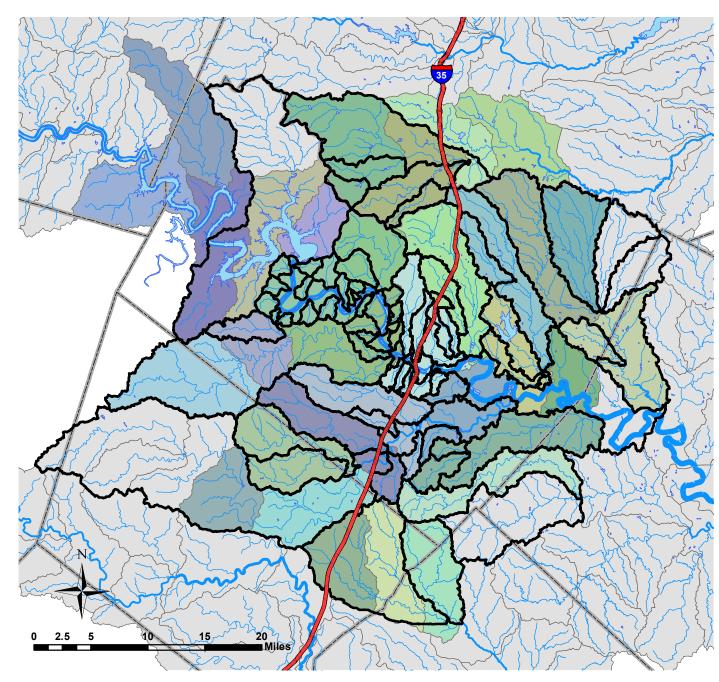
Site Number	Site 118			Site 117			Site 116			Site 122		
Year of Sampling	2000	2003	2006	2000	2003	2006	2000	2003	2006	2000	2003	2006
Water Quality	64	68	70	62	62	67	53	51	48	44	32	34
Sediment	89	68	59	89	68	59	89	68	59	89	68	59
Contact Recreation	75	67	59	65	62	49	74	41	24	63	60	30
Non-Contact Rec.	63	68	53	77	65	72	63	66	79	64	34	59
Physical Integrity	42	54	58	45	65	57	26	32	47	33	35	46
Aquatic Life	62	37	56	39	36	59	38	36	64	37	45	38
Benthic Mac.	60	41	53	40	32	58	40	29	62	31	34	30
Diatom	64	32	59	37	40	60	36	43	66	42	56	45
Total EII Score	66	60	59	63	60	61	57	49	54	55	46	44
* sediment samples only collected at the downstream site, blank cells indicate parameter was not collected, blank columns indicate site was dropped												

Sub-index scores for Shoal Creek Sites (upstream to downstream) 2000, 2003, 2006

100-87.5 Excellent _____ 87.5-75 V. Good _____ 75-62.5 Good _____ 62.5-50 Fair _____ 50-37.5 Marginal _____ 37.5-25 Poor ______ 25-12.5 Bad _____ 12.5-0 V. Bad

PITAL OF TEXA 118 Shoal Watershed 2000 Sample Site
2003 Sample Site
2006 Sample Site **Z** Recharge Zone **6** Known Springs Monitoring Reach Boundary State, County and **City Parks** Outfalls Permitted by TCEO 2003 Digital Ortho Ouarter-Ou

HUC12 vs. CITY OF AUSTIN WATERSHEDS



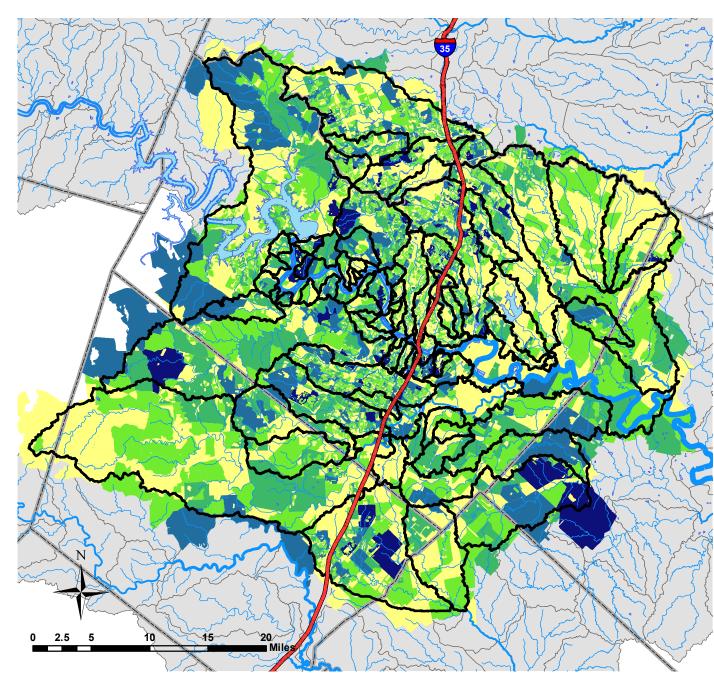
The *Environmental Integrity Index* utilizes watersheds defined by the City of Austin

CoA watershed boundaries preferred over HUC12 watersheds in order to integrate E.I.I. data

Image: HUC12 watersheds are symbolized in color, while CoAdefined watersheds are depicted by black outlines



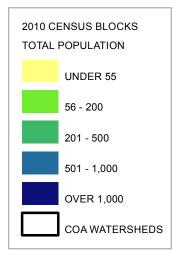
2010 CENSUS BLOCK POPULATIONS



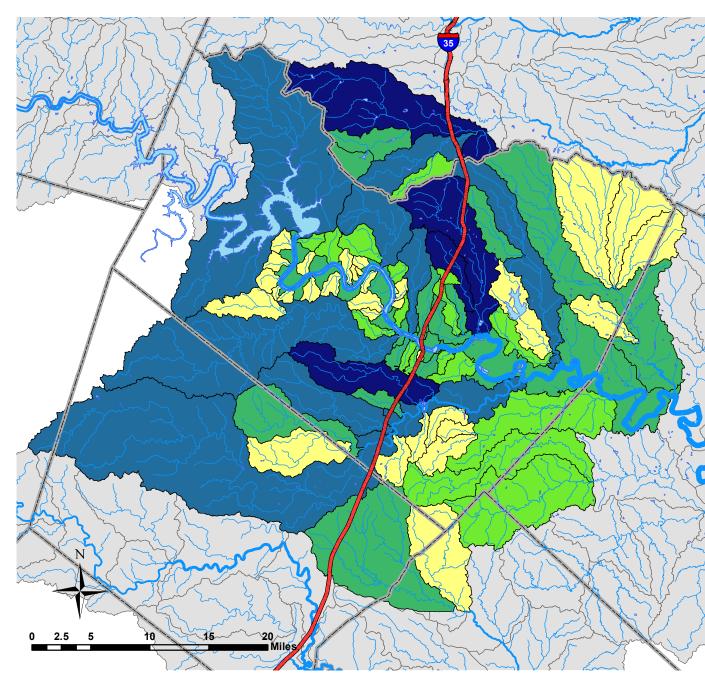
The E.I.I. reports include watershed populations from the year 2000, but lack updated figures

GIS allows updated watershed population figures to be derived from 2010 Census data

Updated population data will help us understand which watersheds have seen the most growth



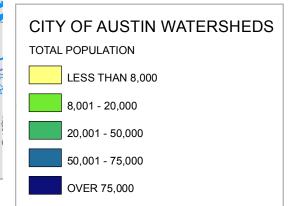
2010 WATERSHED POPULATIONS



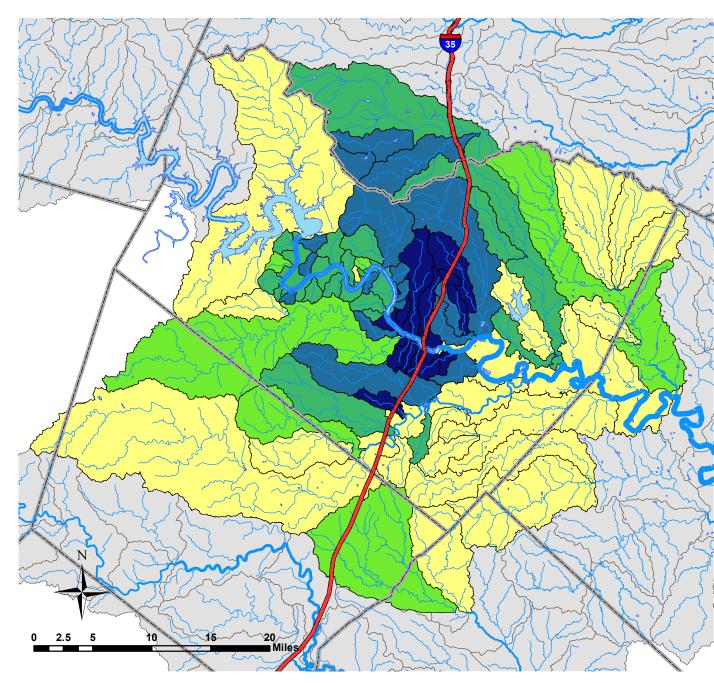
"Re-frame" human settlement in the context of water systems

Resulting data can be compared to E.I.I. 2000 watershed population data

Methodology: *Union* tool used to create a geometric intersection of watershed boundaries and 2010 Census blocks. Resulting feature class included attribute fields from both input features. *Dissolve* tool used with *Watershed Code* as the dissolve feature to recreate watershed boundaries while summing the census block population data for each watershed using the statistics field.

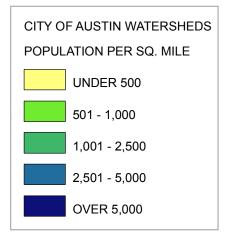


2010 WATERSHED POPULATION DENSITIES

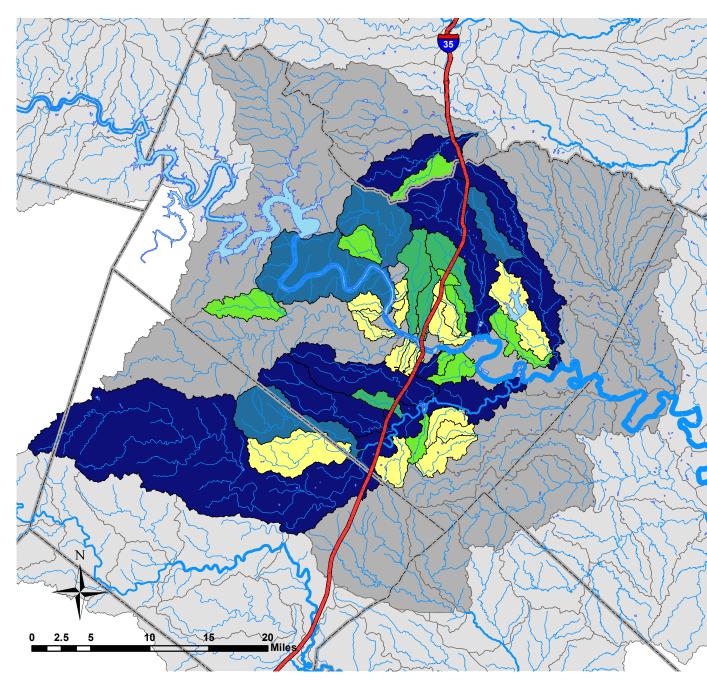


Density allows a better understanding of population distribution, with denser watersheds found in Austin's urban core

Methodology: After adding a new field, the area in sq. miles of each watershed was found using the attribute table's *Calculate Geometry* command. The resulting attribute data was used to normalize the symbology.



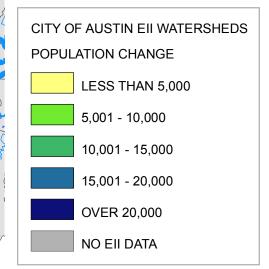
2000 - 2010 WATERSHED POPULATION CHANGE



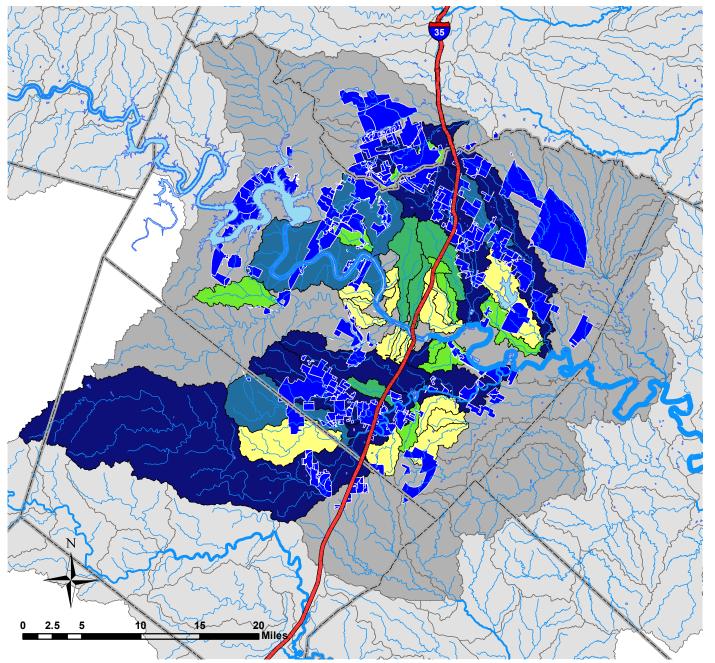
Population change in each watershed derived from GIS analysis of 2010 Census data and 2000 E.I.I. data

Most population growth is seen outside the urban core

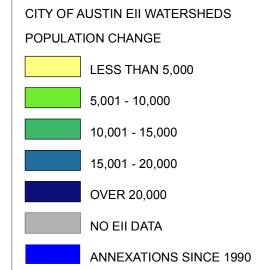
Methodology: After inputting 2000 population data, imported table was joined to the watershed attribute table. *Field Calculator* used to find the difference between 2000 and 2010 population values.



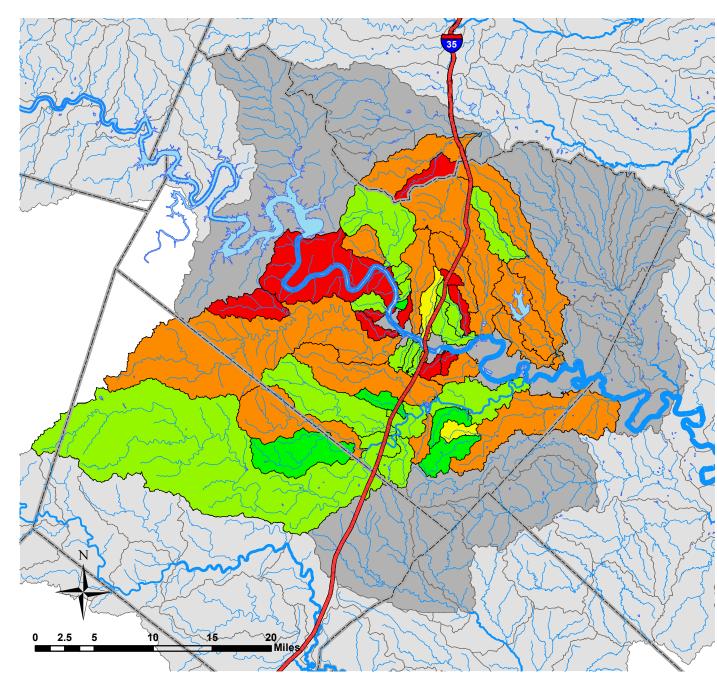
POPULATION CHANGE vs. RECENT ANNEXATIONS



Correlation between municipal expansion and greenfield population growth

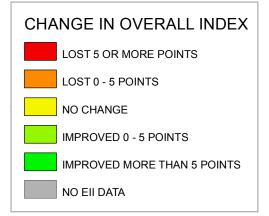


TEN-YEAR CHANGE IN ENVIRONMENTAL INTEGRITY

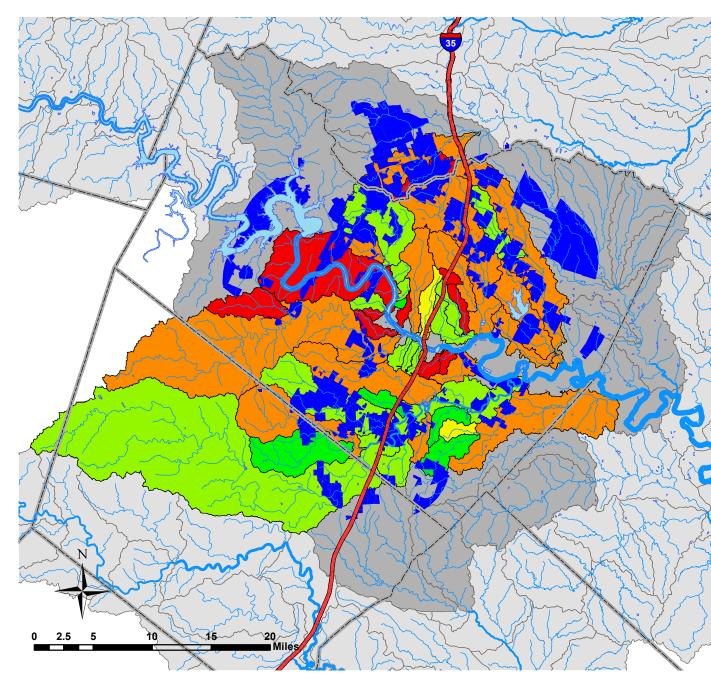


Change in *Overall E.I.I. Score* from earliest observation year to most recent, a ten-year span for all watersheds

Overall Index Scores are calculated from metrics of water quality, sediment quality, aquatic life, diatom, contact and non-contact recreation, and physical integrity, based on water and biological sampling

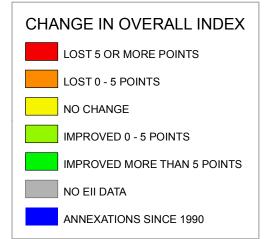


CHANGE IN ENV. INTEGRITY vs. RECENT GROWTH



Correlations can be seen between recent expansion and reduced *Environmental Integrity Index* scores, however other areas of recent development saw improvements over a similar time span

Attributable to the complex nature of water systems, climatic factors, and the challenges of data collection in a rapidly changing environment



FINDINGS

Municipal jurisdiction and infrastructure expansion serves to encourage greenfield development

Re-framing data can create a better understanding of complex systems

Other factors beyond human settlement determine the environmental integrity of a watershed

MOVING FORWARD

Explore land cover changes to better understand the physical results of recent population growth and development and the impacts on environmental integrity

Develop a better understanding of E.I.I. data and explore other possible correlations with population expansion

Make recommendations to improve the effectiveness of E.I.I. as a planning tool and increase its visibility as an education tool

DATA SOURCES

CITY OF AUSTIN

Environmental Integrity Index Reports 2000 Watershed Populations Jurisdiction History CoA Watersheds

CAPCOG

2010 Census Blocks and Demographic Data County Boundaries Regional Roads

USDA GEOSPATIAL GATEWAY

HUC12 Watershed Boundaries

NHDPLUS

NHD Flowlines Flowline Attributes